Quantification of MeHg Fluctuations in the Provo River over a 24 hour cycle BYU **Greta Hamilton, Westminster College** Research Mentors: Greg Carling, Brian Packer, & Hannah Checketts, BYU





Contribute to the understanding of the variability of MeHg concentrations in the Provo River based on time of day during high flow.

Soapstone Basin: Provo River Study Area



Figure 1. The Provo River at Soapstone Basin in the Uinta Mountains.



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Results of MeHg Analysis



Figure 2. Shows the inverse relationship between MeHg and gage height. Dissolved MeHg basement level was 0.0185 ng/L and peak level was 0.0452 ng/L. Particulate MeHg basement level was 0.0191 ng/L and peak level was 0.0744 ng/L.

IFELLOWS UNDERGRADUATE RESEARCH PROGRAM





- Collect river samples over a 24 hour period near the iUTAH Soapstone basic aquatic station.
- Analyze fluctuations and levels of methylmercury (MeHg).

Why it Matters

- In aquatic ecosystems, Hg converts to methylmercury (MeHg), a potent bioaccumulative neurotoxin, that humans are exposed to from the consumption of contaminated fish.
- A mercury advisory for fish along the Provo River, has created a need for the river analysis.





http://iutahepscor.org



